



#### Activity: Conditionals (0, 1 & 2)

Level: B2 (Upper intermediate) / Cambridge: First

# Conditionals

## Conjunctions

Conjunctions are linking words. Common subordinating conjunctions are: *after*, (*al*)though, *as, before, if, since, that, until, when, whereas, while, once, so, as soon as, provided that*. When a clause follows these conjunctions, it becomes a subordinate clause, which needs a main clause to make a complete sentence.

- 1. If  $\rightarrow$  We'll have the party in the garden <u>if</u> the weather's good.
- 2. **Unless**  $\rightarrow$  **<u>Unless</u>** you call me to say you're not coming, I'll see you at the theatre.
- 3. As long as (= if)  $\rightarrow$  You can have a dog <u>as long as</u> you promise to take care of it.
- Provided (that) (= only if / strong condition) → Schoolchildren are allowed to work during their holidays provided that strict safety measures are taken.

#### **Conditional Zero**

FORM: If (conjunction) + <u>SIMPLE PRESENT</u> + , <u>SIMPLE PRESENT</u>

• Things that are always true:

People tend to get annoyed if you shout at them. If parents are always late, it sets a bad example for their children.

• Scientific facts:

If water boils, it evaporates. You get purple if you mix red and blue.



## **First Conditional**

FORM: If (conjunction) + SIMPLE PRESENT + , WILL/MIGHT/CAN (present modal verb)

• Future condition which is possible or likely:

If he gets a job in Liverpool, he'll need to buy a car. If Sheila rings, I might ask her to come over for dinner. We'll take the children to the park as long as the weather is good enough. Most wild animals won't attack unless they are provoked. You can have an ice cream provided (that) you behave well.

#### Second Conditional

FORM: If (conjunction) + <u>SIMPLE PAST</u> + , <u>SHOULD/WOULD/MIGHT/COULD</u> (modal verb with future-in-the-past meaning)

• Future condition which is imaginary, contrary to the facts, impossible or improbable/unlikely OR to give advice:

If there were more buses, we would leave the car at home.

(you think it's unlikely that there will be more buses)

I would go for a walk if it wasn't so cold.

If I was as rich as Bill Gates, I wouldn't work any longer.

She could go to the concert if you gave her your ticket.

We might buy a larger house if we had more money.

I wouldn't speak to the headmaster like that if I were you. (= giving advice, it's

also imaginary & impossible)



#### Activities

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

1. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (enjoy) shopping if I could afford everything I want 2. If the weather doesn't get better, we \_\_\_\_\_ (nothave) our picnic. 3. I always visit museums if I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (be) ever in a new city. 4. We'll have a party in the garden as long as it \_\_\_\_\_ (not-rain). 5. If you (owe) a friend money, you must pay it back immediately. It's the right thing to do. 6. If you asked nicely, he \_\_\_\_\_\_ (say) yes. He's an understanding person. 7. You can drive a car provided that you \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a valid licence. 8. Unless you book in advance, you \_\_\_\_\_ (not-find) a room at this time of the year. 9. We'll miss our flight unless you \_\_\_\_\_ (hurry up). 10. I would see a doctor about that mole if I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) you. You need to have it checked! 11. If a lawyer reads the document, we \_\_\_\_\_ (see) if we've missed anything important. 12. If you decided to take the exam, you \_\_\_\_\_\_ (have) to register by 31 March.



# Keys

- 1. would enjoy
- 2. won't have
- 3. am / 'm
- 4. doesn't rain
- 5. owe
- 6. would say
- 7. have
- 8. won't find
- 9. hurry up
- 10. were
- 11. will see
- 12. would have